

7. State which type of seizure may have the following manifestations:

feeling of déjà vu
definite postictal stage
10-30 second loss of awareness
observed activity may be interrupted with a stern command

incontinence
metallic taste is a common aura
repetitious movement of one limb
appear to be daydreaming
full loss of consciousness

8. True or False: Patient's experiencing seizure activity tend to have dilated pupils.

9. Define *status epilepticus*:

10. Why is status epilepticus a life threatening medical emergency?

11. Seizure activity may occur in conjunction with

- a. hyperglycemia
- b. hypoglycemia
- c. either

12. Are febrile seizures related more to the intensity of the fever or the rate at which the body temperature rises?

13. Why is it important to get a full history on a pediatric seizure patient?

14. What are the foremost priorities in caring for an actively seizing patient?

15. After what period of time of seizure activity is drug intervention advised?

16. What drug(s) and dosage are administered for seizure intervention (pediatric and adult)? And is this intervention the same for every type of seizure?

17. You are dispatched to an MVA rollover single vehicle, one occupant. Upon arrival you find an overturned midsize car with windows all broken out. Your patient is a 21 yr old female crouched inside the vehicle with no immediately obvious injury. Patient appears somewhat lethargic and is confused as to person place or time. Patient has history of epilepsy with poor medication compliance. How would you treat this patient?

18. You are dispatched to a residence for elderly male unresponsive. Upon arrival you find a 67 yr old male sitting in a recliner in front of a television just gazing. Patient's wife states that he has been like this off and on all evening and she thought that he was just ignoring her. Patient's skin is pink warm and dry, airway is patent, respirations appear adequate but he does not appear aware that you are even speaking to him. What nature of illness possibilities do you consider and how would you treat this patient?

19. You are dispatched to a vehicle stopped along the side of a busy highway for and actively seizing patient. Upon arrival you find large 28 yr old male passenger in a small car in an active full tonic clonic seizure. How do you initially treat this patient?

When he continues prolonged seizure activity enroute to the hospital in spite of 10 mg Diazepam IVP how do you continue care?